

Price, Five Cents

The Property Loss About Half a Million Dollars.

the organizations as they now exist, but at the same time the officers of the same will form a national board of arbitration whose duty it will be to meet at least twice a year when they will consider and report all differences—and mediate such action as in their

DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1888

TIME TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs	Arrive Manitou
No. 1, leaves 11:45 a. m.	No. 2, arrives 4:25 p. m.
No. 1, leaves 11:50 a. m.	No. 2, arrives 4:30 p. m.
No. 3, arrives 10:30 p. m.	No. 4, arrives 4:20 a. m.
No. 3, arrives 10:35 p. m.	No. 4, arrives 4:25 a. m.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

Trains going South	Trains going North
No. 1, leaves 11:45 a. m.	No. 2, arrives 4:25 p. m.
No. 1, leaves 11:50 a. m.	No. 2, arrives 4:30 p. m.
No. 3, arrives 10:30 p. m.	No. 4, arrives 4:20 a. m.
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Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains carrying reclining chairs on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Cañon.

For full information call on or address J. M. & L. E. L. Agent.

Business at the county headquarters is extremely quiet these days.

The union service of prayer were held in the Baptist church last night.

It has been threatening to snow for a week or ten days past, but without success.

The gas light so long wished for, in front of the post office, was being placed in position yesterday.

Comparatively few Colorado Springs people attended Governor Grap's inauguration ceremonies at Denver yesterday.

There is some talk of the erection of a new block on the northwest corner of Tejon and Huerfano streets in the spring.

County Commissioner Husted came down from his ranch yesterday morning and left for Denver yesterday afternoon.

The new street between Cascade avenue and the depot is used very little, as it is heavy pulling even for a light conveyance.

Both the justices and police officers complain of the dullness of the times. No arrests or criminal cases have been reported in some time.

The knitting club will meet this afternoon at Mrs. Sengendorff's, southwest corner of Williamette and Tejon streets. A full attendance is desired.

The Colorado Springs ice men will harvest a good crop this season. Moors, Hammond & Co. report that the ice on their pond is about 12 inches thick.

Mr. F. A. Nims left for the east yesterday via the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. He goes to Lockport, New York, where he will open a photograph gallery.

It has been positively settled that the grand ball under the auspices of the Pike's Peak commandery will be given in the opera house on the night of January 18th.

Considerable of the eastern mail now comes via the Denver & New Orleans route. It is nearly all of the registered letters sent and received by this route.

Frank M. Doudna was the winner of the gold watch in the drawing at his store last night. He put up the watch himself and threw the number that took the prize.

Rice's Surprise Party, now playing at the Tabor opera house, Denver, go directly from there to San Francisco, but will stop at Colorado Springs on their return trip.

We may soon expect an excellent entertainment from the Juvenile Pinafore company, which was organized in this city some time ago, and which has been rehearsing steadily ever since.

Mr. C. C. Holbrook is up from Alamosa, where he is now established in the practice of his profession. He looks upon southern Colorado as being the most thriving part of the state just at present.

Mr. P. P. Furber, the superintending architect of the new hotel, has about completed his work and expects to start for the east next week. He will next superintend the erection of several large buildings in St. Louis for Messrs. Peabody & Stearns.

Mr. H. W. Boynton, of the United States signal service, now stationed on the Peak, has asked for his discharge and is patiently waiting for it to be granted. He wants to return to his former home in Michigan and engage in mercantile business.

No effort has as yet been made to introduce the free delivery system in Colorado Springs, although the receipts from the sale of stamps, for rents, etc., for 1883 entitles us to it. It seems to be the general opinion, however, among the business men that its adoption would not be practicable for at least a year or so yet.

Mr. Smith Griffin writes us from Kuttout office, Ontario, Canada, asking for information as to the whereabouts of his son, Albert B. Griffin, who when he last heard from him, in July, 1882, was in Colorado Springs. He seems very anxious to hear from him and any information concerning him will be thankfully received. Send letter to address above given.

Mr. C. W. Ghuree has received word to the effect that the blooded dog which he sent out last summer had just won a fight with a champion dog of Virginia. The dog had in excellent record in Chicago, where he was bought before Mr. Ghuree owned him. He is now looked upon as being one of the best fighting dogs in the southern states and his owner values him at \$1,000.

We acknowledge the receipt of a book entitled "Colorado as an Agricultural State, Its Farms, Fields and Garden Lands," written by William E. Pabor, of the Colorado Farmer, and published by O. H. Judd & Co., of New York. Mr. Pabor has had twelve years acquaintance with the agricultural interests of

Colorado, and in the preparation of his book he has exercised the utmost care in the gathering of facts and statistics.

DEED
Situs—In this city, January 9, A. D. 1888, between the undersigned, the parties to the following:

Funeral to-day at 2 o'clock, from his late residence on Weber street.

BUSINESS LOCALS

10 cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

BALLET & BAKEL
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Statist & Family, Undertakers and Embalmers, No. 105 Huerfano st., near postoffice.

L. C. Davis, the Pike's Peak Avenue Jeweler, will during the next thirty days offer for sale Gold Watches, Chains, Loops, Pins, etc., at a reduction of 20 per cent from the regular price for each insertion.

Be sure to buy a supply of Green's of L. F. Stearns at the store for a few days only and only for cash.

O. H. Acme water, 1 cent per gallon.

W. H. W. & Co. have which Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and \$1. F. E. Robinson agent. dwh-12-88

Planos, organs and sewing machines for sale or rent and repaired at Allen's music store.

Malinin & Fairley, Undertakers and Embalmers.

Giddings & Stillman have just received a large line of Imported Xmas Cards.

Top and open buggies at cost at G. B. Barnes.

See FRIS—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices.

Mr. L. G. Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen in the state.

Go to G. B. Barnes for buggies, phaetons, carriages and light express wagons.

SHILOH'S OATMEAL REMEDY—A positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Croup. F. E. Robinson, agent.

Malinin & Fairley, Undertakers and Embalmers.

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co. a drug store.

Now is the time to hold up the handle of the big first door. We have a few old papers left that are suitable for that kind of work.

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HARDING & FOWLER

Successors to M. L. DuCourcy

REAL ESTATE

Loans and Insurance.

FOR RENT.

LURNISHED.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR SALE.

Sealed Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned until the 10th of January 1888, for furnishing 25,000 crates to be delivered along the line of the Denver & Rio Grande, as follows:

25,000 crates 6 feet long between Denver and Pueblo.

25,000 crates 6 feet long between Pueblo and Alamosa.

25,000 crates 6 feet long between Alamosa and Durango.

25,000 crates 6 feet long between Durango and Silver Lake.

25,000 crates 6 feet long between Silver Lake and Canon City.

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72 32 32 3. PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. 72 32 32 3.

only Half Price!

It would be well to remember that this will be the

Last Week of the Great Bargains

IN FANCY HOLIDAY GOODS

Until Saturday Night, the 14th inst.

All Fancy Christmas Articles, All Majolica, Glass, and China Ware, All Brass Ware, Lamps, Vases, etc., All Japanese Ware, Knife Trays, Letter Boxes, etc., All Fur Collars and Muffs, And many other Useful and Ornamental Articles.

Will be offered at EXACTLY ONE HALF THE REGULAR PRICE until Saturday night next only, after which date they will positively be withdrawn.

By far the larger proportion of the above goods which we offer at so great a sacrifice are very useful as well as ornamental articles and such an opportunity for procuring twice the worth of the money expended is seldom offered to this or any other community.

We would also invite the attention of the purchasing public to our very large and complete stock of

General Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Underwear, &c., &c.,

Which we offer at very moderate prices. We promise to give strict attention to politeness, courtesy and no misrepresentation of goods. In our advertisements we state the EXACT PRICE, and our motto is "Veritas ad Vincit." Respectfully,

FERRIS & JONES.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 3 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing 1000s of Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold every where or sent by mail for equal letter stamps. Send for circular. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

MAKES NEW RICH BLOOD

THE DAILY GAZETTE

No. 2032.

COLORADO SPRINGS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1883

Price, Five Cents

HOTEL HORROR.

The Newhall House, Milwaukee, Burns with 100 inmates.

Graphic Description of the Fight with the Flames

And Futile Efforts of Terror-Stricken Victims to Escape.

Of Sixty Waiter Girls only Eleven are Heard From.

Firemen Distinguish Themselves by Heroic Deeds.

The Property Loss About Half a Million Dollars.

The fiery abyss below, motionless, but from time to time sending a heart-rending shriek. Steadily the flames approached upon him. He did not seem to mind it. The flames singed his hair, licked his night clothes, one despairing look he gave the crowd below and then tumbled back in the sea of fire.

A man and woman appeared at a window in the third story. They were recognized as Allen Johnson and his wife. The canvas was stretched below the windows of their apartment and a thousand voices called to rescue them to jump. Mr. Johnson kissed his wife and leaped into the air and shot downward into the canvas, but his weight was such that the canvas was pulled out of the hands of the few who held it, and he alighted on the ground with deadly force. His wife followed her body struck the veranda, and she fell to the ground lifeless. Mr. Johnson died shortly afterwards.

Long after the flames had raged in the interior Miss Childs, head dressmaker at Chapman & Co.'s, was seen at her window on the fourth floor. She was recognized by friends below and implored to make the leap upon the canvas but she remained standing at the window till the flames enveloped her and she sank to be seen no more.

About a dozen jumped from the Michigan street front. Each leaped death or shattered limbs, and not less than four unfortunate at one time lay upon the icy sidewalk in front of the chamber of commerce, clad only in night attire, blood and brains oozing from wounds through which the bones protruded. Some were carried to the express office, others to the ground floor of the Mitchell building, where cots had been hastily arranged, and from there they were carried off to private houses.

The scene in the alley west of the burning building was sickening. As early as 6 o'clock the heading of seven unfortunate waiter girls were stretched on the snow with broken limbs, writhing in agony till the shrieks of their sufferings. After almost superhuman efforts ladders were stretched from the roof of the bank building across the alley to the sixth story of the hotel. Brave fire ladders reached the top of the hotel. Four of the girls were rescued from the flames, four of them were rescued from the flames, four of them were rescued from the flames.

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To the poor unfortunate waiter girls who lodged in the sixth story and attic, the saddest lot in the city. Of the 60 waiter girls only 11 are heard from as alive. It is feared that the estimate of 60 lives lost is far too low and that full double that number were burned or smothered to death.

The police patrol soon commenced the dreadful work of gathering up the dead and wounded. The former were taken to the morgue, which was soon filled, the latter to the central police station, where they were cared for by physicians.

From 5 o'clock the interior of the building was one mass of flames, the upper floors soon giving way and falling the lower floors with them. A thundering crash was heard for blocks and then fire shot up fully 50 feet, sending a shower of sparks over the whole northern portion of the city, carried aloft by a brisk southwesterly wind. Had it not been for the thick coat of snow on the roofs many buildings north of the hotel would have followed.

In three quarters of an hour after the discovery of the fire the building was a total loss. At 5:30 o'clock the Broadway front of the building, unsupported by rafters from within, gave out and came thundering to the pavement. Shortly after that the tottering walls of the southeast corner of the building followed, tearing a heavy telegraph pole to the ground, which fell back, Hogan, a truckman of Hook and Gable company No. 3, beneath its weight. Poor Ben, a favorite in the department, received fatal injuries. He died a few hours after, faithful to his post unto death.

Among the missing who cannot be accounted for are the following: Lizzie Kelley, waiter, Mary Owens, of Milwaukee, table girl. Her sister Maggie, who occupied the room with her, was killed by leaping from a third story window. Mary is supposed to be in the ruins. J. H. Ows, of Milwaukee, conductor on the Wisconsin Central railroad; Mary Anderson, of Milwaukee, table girl; Dr. A. A. Spohn, of Milwaukee, North Flaming, table girl; Miss Childs, head of the dress making department of T. A. Chapman & Co.'s store, known to be in the ruins; Prof. B. Mason, of the German-American academy, and Mrs. B. Mason, wife of the professor; Julia Fogarty, of Oconomowoc, waiter; North Flaming, of Milwaukee, waiter; Captain George P. Voss, U.S. civil engineer in charge of the river and harbor improvements in Milwaukee; George Lowie, in charge of the coal room, sat near in the hall on the third floor; L. A. Brown, of Philadelphia, recently engaged as manager of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, known to have been in the building; John Foley the electrician of Milwaukee; Mollie Conner, table girl; Augusta Troph, pantry girl; Jane Dunn, pantry girl; Annie Carey, pantry girl; A. H. Claffin, of Chicago, agent for Wilcox & Gible's Sewing Machine company; J. B. Kellogg, commission man; making forty deaths tolerably sure.

From such an immense heap of ruins it would be impossible for several days to begin the search. Nearly one hundred is generally accepted as the number of lives lost.

A large assemblage of representative business men have addressed to the mayor a petition requesting that immediate action be taken by the state legislature and city council for placing all telegraph wires in the central portion of the city under ground.

Local insurance agents had recently refused to take risks on the building. C. D. Nash, president of the Newhall-House association, states that the building was a fair risk and insurance men had exaggerated the idea of its frailness; that it was considered a fair risk by one of the most expert underwriters of the country, S. F. Covington, president of the Globe Insurance company of Cincinnati. Our association assumed part of the risk and the amount of insurance covered the investment. The building has been on fire several times before the present conflagration occurred, and no serious disaster has occurred. Insurance placed by Cincinnati agents for the past sixteen years was generally one hundred thousand on the house and thirty thousand on the contents. The present insurance on the house is \$75,000, in amounts of fifteen hundred to five thousand, on the furniture \$25,000, in amounts of one to three thousand. The loss, including that on the furniture, will be half a million.

Chief Luppert had telegraphed to Chicago and Racine for help, also to the Soldiers' Home for the steamer of that institution General Sharp, governor of the Soldiers' Home, failed to comply with the request. Chicago and Racine responded at once. Three steamers left Chicago at 5:30. At Highland Park, about twenty-five miles north of Chicago, the relief train was encountered by Chief Luppert, the fire having had its way in destroying the Newhall house, and being under control as far as surrounding establishments were concerned. The Racine relief train was also encountered.

Deeds of heroism are recorded worthy of ungrateful praise. E. S. Bowyer and Herman Strauss, of truck men, appeared on the roof of the bank building at a critical juncture directly opposite the burning girls' quarters, a ladder in hand. For a moment the unwieldy thing poised in mid air, then descended with a crash through a window of the hotel. It found a bridge across the alley, and before it became a ladder in position the men had crossed over into the hotel. Then, amid cheers of the multitude below, the brave help of the brave men, the slender bridge until a dozen were rescued, all of them in their night clothes. Many were dazed before taken to shelter. A woman in a faint, unable to help herself, was dragged over in safety, but at one time the whole body was hanging over the edge of the ladder while the brave men held her by one of her ankles. The crowd below held their breath in suspense, expecting every moment to see the ladder turn over or break beneath the terrible strain. The man, however, was equal to the emergency, and by an effort pulled her up on the slender bridge and finally placed her out of danger, while the crowd, which had endured a most painful suspense for full ten minutes, burst forth in round after round of applause. Twelve poor waiter girls were rescued by the brave men.

Two brothers, named Clayton, rescued four women, carrying them bodily out. The police rescued a dozen persons.

There is loud talk of incendiarism in which the chief of police concurs, also the police men who were first on the ground. No tangible grounds can be found for incendiarism, however.

New York, January 10.—The hotel horror of Milwaukee is the theme of conversation. The people have not been so deeply shocked since the terrible destruction of life by the Brooklyn theatre fire. Western men here are eagerly looking for every detail and are especially anxious about the names of killed, wounded and missing. Telegraph offices are purged with "make inquiries," and each edition of the newspapers are eagerly scanned.

Another Oklahoma Move
CANTON, Pa., January 10.—A large Oklahoma meeting was held here last night. D. L. Taylor was addressed to be placed in the county to appear. Statements were made by others interested in the Oklahoma move to the effect that fully 1,000 men would be ready to start about the 1st of February, that the order of the secretary of the interior for the removal of cattlemen would be enforced and that at least all that settlers would have to do would be to walk right in and occupy the land. About 30 persons signed an Oklahoma colony pledge and notice was given that a secret meeting of such settlers would be held tonight. It is stated that Agent Tufts has countermanded his order to publish notice for cattlemen to remove from the Cherokee strip.

Kansas Legislature.
TOPEKA, January 10.—In the house Waters offered a concurrent resolution asking Congress to make a law in Kansas products into Indian Territory and through it to Texas and to regulate passenger fares and freight rates over the same route. The organization was completed and at four o'clock the governor's message was received and its reading commenced, and then adjourned until morning.

Ball and Ball.
INDIANAPOLIS, January 10.—The Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central railroad was sold to day on foreclosure of mortgage to a company to be formed, the Pennsylvania Railroad company, for \$18,000,000.

GENERAL AFFAIRS.

Princess Louise Views the Antiquities of Santa Fe.

Yesterday's Proceedings of Colorado's General Assembly.

Items of Interest from the National Capital.

General Assembly
DENVER, January 10.—The senate convened at 2 o'clock.

Senator Streeter offered a resolution as a substitute for the house resolution considered this morning providing for the selection of four for a committee on state institutions from each house to visit all state institutions, which was amended to two instead of four and was adopted in this form.

On motion of Senator Telford the resolution passed this morning in reference to printing the governor's messages was reconsidered and on motion of Mr. Corder the whole matter was referred to the committee on printing.

On motion of Mr. Streeter the subject of all public printing was referred to the committee on printing, with the request that they suggest some measure for relief from the delay caused by the dilatoriness of the public printer.

The following new bills were read by their title for the first time: Senator St. John, to establish a state school for training teachers in the state, etc.; Senator Streeter, to amend certain sections of the revised statutes. Several bills were read for the second time, when the senate adjourned.

The house was again called to order at two o'clock by the speaker.

The committee on printing submitted their report, which was approved with the exception of bill No. 32, which was returned to the printer, it having too many errors.

The following new bills were introduced: By Mr. Orman, to amend chapter 19 of the revised laws relating to corporations.

By Mr. Means, to establish the county of Garfield with Defiance as the county seat.

By Mr. McIntyre, to establish the county of Palmer, with Grand Junction as the county seat.

By Mr. Butcher, to amend the act in relation to the holding of the terms of district courts in certain counties.

By Mr. McIntyre, to establish the county of Delta, with Delta as the county seat.

By Mr. McIntyre, to establish the county of Meets, with Montrose as the county seat.

By Mr. Jones, to establish a state normal school at Buena Vista.

By Mr. Benson, appropriating \$10,000 to establish a mechanical shop and conservatory at the state agricultural college.

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Prince Louise at Santa Fe.

SANTA FE, January 10.—Princess Louise, the Marquis of Lome and suite, who have been making a tour of the outlying British provinces on the Pacific coast, and who left San Francisco some days ago to return east over the great Panama line, viewing objects of interest in southern California on the way, making a stop at Los Angeles, arrived in Santa Fe at 9 a. m. today, under escort of Col. Ed. Bares, general station passenger agent of the Santa Fe company. After breakfast the party took carriage and drove through the town, visiting all objects of interest, including San Miguel chapel, the oldest church in the United States, the new cathedral now nearly completed, the great church structure in the west, and the Christian Brothers college, the old government palace, three hundred years old, etc., spending considerable time at each place and evincing great interest in everything they saw. After everything of this nature had been visited by the party their carriages drove to the south side of the plaza, where the party got out and started to make a tour of inspection on foot, visiting all the curiosity shops, silversmiths, jewelry establishments, etc., buying various articles at each place. The princess especially showed much interest in all she saw.

The civil and military authorities of Santa Fe did every thing in their power to make the stay of the party here a pleasant one. The Twenty-second Infantry band, with a large concourse of people, met the train on its arrival. The band played "God Save the Queen" and "Queen of England," and on the arrival of the party at the barracks the royal salute of seventeen guns was fired, the marquis inspecting the post amid the waving of flags, music and the firing of cannons. They left for the Las Vegas hot springs at 4:30 and will spend the night at the Montezuma hotel.

Congressional Proceedings.
HOUSE.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—Debate on the commerce bill was resumed. Candler of Massachusetts offered an amendment to come in at the end of the seventeenth section, providing that it shall be lawful however for any seaman to stipulate in his shipping agreement for allotment of any portion of his wages which he may earn to his wife, father, mother, grandfather or grandmother, child, and child, brother or sister, or any savings bank for the benefit of such seaman and to no other person or corporation. Adopted.

Cox of New York offered an amendment repealing all laws requiring payment of any remuneration to shipping commissioners for slipping seamen, if shipped by the master or owner.

Objection being offered to the amendment because it provided that no government officer shall take the place of a commissioner, Cox thereupon modified the amendment by adding a proviso that the duties performed by the shipping commissioner at home ports shall be performed by the collection of the several ports of the United States and that no fees shall be charged for said services. The amendment was then adopted.

Dingley, of Maine, offered as a substitute for the section exempting from tonnage tax vessels engaged in commerce with Canada or Mexico an amendment providing that in lieu of all duties or tonnage tax (including flight money), now imposed by law a duty of six cents per ton is hereby imposed at each entry on all vessels which shall have entered into the United States from the West India Islands or from any port or place in the republic of Mexico or from any port or place in the Gulf of Mexico down to and including Aspinwall and Panama, or any port or place in the Dominion of Canada, and a duty of two cents per ton is hereby imposed on all vessels entered into the United States from any other ports. Adopted.

Crapo of Massachusetts offered an amendment to the section applying its provision only to seamen engaged in the foreign carrying trade. Adopted.

After general discussion of the nineteenth section, drawbacks and subsidies, the bill went over till to-morrow.

The speaker announced Crowley, Aldrich, Bisbee, Martin and Cox, of New York, as a special committee to investigate charges against Chief Clerk Jno. Bailey. He also appointed Ryan, Caswell and LaFayette as conferees on the Indian appropriations bill.

Adjourned.

Deaver Dies.
DENVER, January 10.—Governor Grant will probably announce his appointments to-morrow.

The dawn show of Lou Rathgeber and Larimer street, was sold under execution this morning.

Charles W. Stickney, who some months ago killed Campbell, the alleged seducer of his wife, and accidentally killed Mrs. Deveraux at the same time, and who was acquitted on the grounds of insanity, was granted a divorce by Judge Harrington of the district court this morning.

All the invitations for the art exhibit to be given in May have been sent out. It is the intention of the promoters of the scheme to have all the state's post artists represented.

A new grain elevator of large size will soon be erected in West Denver to cost \$50,000.

No Election.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—The house elections committee today adopted a resolution declaring no election in the second Mississippi district. The seat now occupied by Manning will consequently be declared vacant and the case go back to the people.

Where Are Those Medals?
WASHINGTON, January 10.—General Grant is quoted as having said here that he has never yet seen one of the famous 308 medals awarded to those who voted for him at Chicago, and notwithstanding there was such a distinguished crowd about him as Hugh Hastings, Lydecker, Tom Murphy, Clint Wheeler and Congressman Crowley, not one present could show him one of the medals.

French-American Claims.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—It has been reported that the French-American claims commission has rendered a decision, under which payment can be made for slaves. This is erroneous, as an examination of the treaty would show that compensation for slaves is especially barred. The decision of the commission is that a person who purchased a slave in 1839 is not for that reason barred as a claimant before the commission. The counsel for the United States took the contrary view, but the court, by a majority of two to one, overruled the United States. In 1848, when Janvarine came into power, he issued a decree declaring that any Frenchman who owned slaves two years after the issuance of the decree should forfeit his citizenship. Napoleon extended this time to ten years, and subsequently modified it, so that no Frenchman should lose his citizenship, who owned slaves by inheritance or marriage. A purchase of slaves alone would forfeit the citizenship. This action of the French government, however, was merely declaratory. There was no court provided to adjudicate this loss of citizenship. When a case was reached before the commission; when it was proved that a man purchased a slave after 1838, Governor Boutwell, counsel for the United States, raised the point that he was barred as a claimant. The court's decision has not been printed, but it is understood to be that the claimant is not barred for the reason thatasmuch as France did not appoint a court to adjudicate the question of citizenship, or to declare a forfeiture, it is not for the United States to assume that a citizen had forfeited his rights. The difference in the amount of money to be taken from the treasury, if this ruling of the court shall be sustained, is not very much, as there are very few claimants before the commission who could be barred.

Could a Mexican Concession.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—The presence here of General Grant has given rise to the story that the Mexican government is about to declare forfeited Jay Gould's Mexican railroad concession, and that Grant had asked our government to interfere. He is reported to have had an interview with Secretary Frelinghuysen with this subject in view. The attention of Secretary Frelinghuysen having

been called to this rumor, he said that the state department had received no official notice from the Mexican government that the charter had been declared forfeited, that he had seen General Grant several times during his visit here, but that Grant had never mentioned the subject to him. Mr. Frelinghuysen had not heard that there was any prospect that the charter would be declared forfeited, and he did not believe that Grant's visit here at this time has any reference to the matter. He attached little importance to the rumor.

Rumors the Mexican minister, is not true, but Señor Covarrubias, one of the secretaries of the legation, says that the rumors are groundless, so far as he knows, and that the subject has not even been agitated in Mexico.

Yellowstone Park.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—It is authoritatively stated that the Yellowstone National Park Improvement company are going to continue vigorously pushing the work already begun. One of the officers said today that 150 men were now in the park at work, and that the improvements were so far advanced as to insure the opening of the park by next June the time originally intended. It is conceded that the report of Senator Vest, made to the senate recently, will not in any way affect the contract with the department and the progress of the improvements. The leases for the grounds on which the hotels are to be erected will be executed some time next week precisely in accordance with the terms of the contract. It is claimed by the company that the contract having already been executed it cannot be set aside by legislation. If the secretary of the interior has exceeded the terms of the law setting apart the park in making the contract, the matter can only be adjusted by a resort to the courts. The contractors are entirely in accord with the provisions of the bill reported by Senator Vest. That part of the contract withheld by the accompanying report was not insisted upon by the cook store, but by the secretary of the interior. This refers to the giving of exclusive privileges to establish stage and telegraph lines. It is claimed that the purpose was to bind the contractors to furnish these accommodations to the public. They say they would be very glad to yield this point rather than be compelled to go to the expense of stocking those lines, which would require the keeping on hand the year around the requisite number of horses supply for use during the visiting season, at most not longer than three months.

Trouble Brewing at the Isthmus.
WASHINGTON, January 10.—South American journals received by the last mail give much prominence to a statement which appeared some weeks since in these dispatches, in regard to what was believed to be the designs of Chilli upon the Isthmus of Panama. It appears from these journals that the Chilian congress did not ratify the treaty drawn with the United States of Colombia, providing for the submitting to arbitration all questions arising between the two nations, growing out of the transit of material of war for Peru and Bolivia across the Isthmus. The press of Chilli is now openly maintaining the proposition of resorting to arms to punish the United States of Colombia for allowing arms and military stores to pass unhindered. Great trouble was posted in South American diplomatic affairs declare their belief that Chilli is preparing to settle her claims for damages by securing acession of Isthmus territory. Colombia is utterly unable to pay in money, and can only settle otherwise with territory. Chilli is known to be negotiating with the president of Ecuador, and the report is that one of the provinces of Peru has been mentioned, as a consideration for which Ecuador might give a base for operating against Colombia. The latest news from the Isthmus is that Colombia has sent some of her troops to her boundary lines on Ecuador, in order to meet the threatening attitude of the latter.

The points of the situation, as they now appear with greater detail, are declared to be by gentlemen who should have correct information, to be:

First.—That Colombia and Chilli negotiated a treaty by which all differences were to be settled by arbitration.

Second.—That afterwards, as is believed, in consequence of a change of policy, the Chilian senate rejected this treaty.

Third.—That Colombia invited the South American republics to a congress, designed to settle all differences, and that Chilli defended this plan by intriguing to prevent the congress from assembling.

Fourth.—That Chilli has given Ecuador two steamers and ten thousand rifles, and that Ecuador designs to use these against Colombia.

Fifth.—That Chilli has preferred a large claim against Colombia, founded on damages from the free transit of war material over the Isthmus to Peru, during the late war.

Sixth.—That this claim is now being pressed and that the design back of it is to demand territory, in lieu of the money which can not be raised.

Those who have this information ascribe the whole intrigue to the influences of European powers that are concerned in the affair of Chilli and Peru. The direct interest of the United States in such a condition of affairs arises from our guarantee of the neutrality of the Isthmus, as given in the treaty of 1846.

Minor Protection.
PITTSBURGH, January 10.—A call has been issued by officers of the Miners' association for the inter-state convention of bituminous coal miners to be held in this city May 1st next for the purpose of establishing a federation that will include all separate local or state organizations as they now exist, but at the same time the officers of the association will form a national board of arbitration where duty it will be to meet at least twice a year when they will consider and report all differences and suggest such action as in their opinion will lead to the general good.

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POLYMER LETTERS

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MINING MATTERS.

Notes Gleaned From Our Exchanges

A marked improvement is to be noticed in the face of the incline at the Clinton. Thirty millions may quite safely be set down as the probable output of Lake county for 1883.

Many properties that have lain idle for two years are to be worked vigorously the coming season.

From the Eagle Bird Consolidated 37,000 ounces of silver and 1,400 tons of lead were produced last year.

There is a good inquiry from capitalists to day for producing mining property. Such could find ready sale.

Under the lease of Day and Granmer 50 tons of fine mineral have been taken from the Hertha and Blake claims.

Colonel Bright, lessee of the Big Pittsburg is said to be raising some very fine ore from the portion of the mine being worked by him.

The leasing scheme soon to be inaugurated by the Iron Silver company on its collateral claims, will no doubt add largely to the output.

The Papoose continues the leading producer of Battle mountain. The face of the workings shows a fine body of mineral. Up to the first of January 100 tons were shipped from here.

The last of the summer at Leadville still remains idle, on account of the inability of the owners to push the development. The contact found in this property, at the time water stopped work upon it, was of a very promising character.

Captain Felix Levis, in charge of the concentrator at Leadville, reports his mill running very satisfactorily, treating fifty tons of ore a day, principally from the London. The Patrick and Fanny Barrett will soon ship ore to the concentrator, which has a capacity of double its present output.

Governor Shoup, manager of the Patrick mine, reports that workmen have gone over 50 feet on the vein, and are not through it yet. The manager now intends to commence stopping, to take out a good deal of ore within the next few months.

On Monday we commenced the beginning of the week, month and year 1883, which will prove to be a year in which San Juan county, and in fact the entire state, will witness and accomplish far more things than have ever been achieved before. It will witness improvements and advancements in all the branches of industry, such as farming, stock raising and last but not least, in mining. Each year the gold and silver product of this state is increasing, and it will continue to do so for years to come. The Herald is aware that a great deal has been said as to what the San Juan is going to do, and people have been waiting patiently to see the outcome of this part of the state. It is not, however, to tell the people that we have always been isolated from the outside world, that anything was so high that mining could not be carried on at profit. Yet for all the disadvantages we have and to labor under this section has prospects. It is true there has not been what some would call a boom, nevertheless since the day the first cabin was built in this city the town has continued to grow steadily until now we have a fine little city as there is in the mountains. During the year upon which we have just entered with such bright prospects, we will doubtless produce more minerals. In San Juan county there has been a mining here before. The railroad is in our midst, and it is proving to us that it is what we have needed for so long. It gives transportation for ore that hitherto could not be shipped, and it brings to us men who have capital to invest in both real estate and mining property. We ask any one to cite an instance where a single mine that had any reasonable show of being called a good prospect failed. To-day there are hundreds of mines in this county that would pay a handsome dividend were they properly developed and worked. The close of 1882 will see Silverton twice her present size and population and the best camp as a mineral producer (outside of Leadville) in the state.

Leadville Democrat.

The statement of the Chrysolite Mining company for the month of December is as follows:

Amount of ore settled for, 860 tons and 363 pounds, amount received, \$21,280.80, average price per ton, \$24.75. The number of men employed in the Chrysolite group of mines is 112, as follows: Employed by the company 20, employed by Webb and company, lessee, 20, by J. W. Menden, lessee, 10, by James Campbell 27.

Just at present the mine, from all sources, is yielding about forty tons of ore a day, which is expected to reach a full daily average, before the close of the month of fifty tons daily.

No news of any consequence is reported by the manager, except that the mine looks fair, and that exploration work is still in progress. The incline from Colorado Chief No. 2 shaft has cut a body of iron in dolomite, which is soon to be explored, but otherwise no new features have been developed.

From the Bluff.

During the twelve months just past Red Cliff has experienced no boom or business prosperity. The causes for this are known to all acquainted with the camp, and it is not worth while to review here the details of the Battle Mountain smelter and the Battle mine. At the beginning of 1882 both of these properties were in full operation and furnished the main support of the camp. In March the furnace was blown out, and all work on the mine stopped. For months afterwards there was but little ore shipped from here save that sent from the Eagle Bird Consolidated. Not until late in the summer was there any active mining carried on worthy of mention. In view of these facts the following figures make a very creditable showing.

Name of mine No. cars No. tons
Little Chief 24 1,190
Reuben 24 1,080
Eagle Bird Consolidated 57 2,595
Kingfisher 12 514
Miscellaneous 20 285
Total 1,041 10,000

In addition to the 10,000 tons of ore there were 43 cars of bullion shipped from the smelter. A portion of this, however, should be credited to the previous year. In the shipments from the Eagle Bird Consolidated are included all the mines managed by Judge Holden.

Careful figuring has shown the average value of the ore shipped from the camp to be \$22 a ton. That is to say, it is worth that on board the cars here, after deducting freight and smelting charges. Our ordinary carbonate ore of course will not net half this amount per ton, but considerable high grade mineral has been sent from the camp which brings up the average to fully this figure. From the foregoing it will be seen that the net yield of the camp to the owners of the producing property for 1882 amounts to \$221,815.

OUT WEST

San Juan county produced \$500,000 worth of bullion last year.

The Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise and party spent last Tuesday at Las Vegas.

Small pox is raging in nearly all the towns in Southern New Mexico and old Mexico.

Eight hundred and nine antelope have been killed by one man in the vicinity of Greeley this season.

At seven o'clock on Tuesday morning the thermometer at Pitkin registered 30 degrees below zero.

Tom Walling, the famous English pugilist, is in southern Colorado looking after his mining interests.

The D & C are developing their anthracite coal mines and are preparing to ship 250 tons of coal per day.

The C. & C. Co. is shipping from 65 to 100 car loads of coal and coke per day from the Ft. Moro mines.

Some fine placer claims have recently been discovered in the Unazap mountains which yield 24 cents to the pan.

The large coke ovens at Ft. Moro are to be still further enlarged. One hundred and fifty new ovens are to be put in at once.

Mr. Lindsay, the agent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe at Las Animas, has left the country with \$50 of the company's money.

In Denver two years ago Charles W. Stickney murdered M. T. Campau for the alleged seduction of Mrs. Stickney. He has now in instituted divorce proceedings against his wife on the ground of adultery.

Associated Press Election.

New York, January 10.—At a meeting of the New York Associated Press held this afternoon the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Geo. Jones, of the Times; Secretary, Whitlaw Reid, of the Tribune; executive committee, William Henry Burdett, of the World; Cyrus Field, of the Express; and David M. Stone, of the Journal of Commerce. The new organization is regarded as favorable to the recent agreement for joint management. Mr. Jones, the proprietor of the Times, a large and prosperous paper, is brought to the front as president, and an executive committee, composed of practical men, is also elected. It is due to Mr. Jones to add that he received the vote of every member excepting himself.

Contractors Combining.

New York, January 10.—A group of capitalists representing about 17,000,000 of capital organized an association to-day to be known as the Contractors' Association of the United States. Any railroad is eligible to membership by the payment of \$500. The object is to promote friendly feeling and action on a uniform system of carrying on the contract business.

Food for Hungry.

Pesth, January 10.—In the Hungarian diet the minister of the interior stated that he had not yet received the money required to relieve the wants of sufferers by the inundation at Pesth, and private charity had also commenced at the work of relief. It is officially reported that 10,000 persons are homeless and between 500 and 400 houses inundated and partially destroyed.

A Youthful Rebel.

Boston, January 10.—Charles L. Brown, 14 years old, employed in the office of the deputy sheriff, was found on the floor of the office handcuffed and with a bag of powder in his mouth. An attempt had been made to open the safe. The lad said two men bound him, but finally confessed that he himself tampered with the safe and then handcuffed and gagged himself.

San Market.

New York, January 10.—Money 5 to 6, closing 5 to 4, prime paper 5 1/2 to 6, sterling exchange strong 4 1/2 to 4, demand 4 1/2 to 4 1/2.

Governments' financial condition generally strong, state securities dull. Stock market dull with declining tendency, closing lower only a fraction lower than last evening. The lowest prices of the day were made a little after 4, when there was a temporary reaction. Immediately after this there was a recovery of 1/4 to 1/2, which was merely the extent of the previous decline. Several stocks made the highest prices of the day in the last hour, among which were the North Western, Louisville & Nashville, Erie, R. & D., Missouri Pacific, and Texas & Pacific. Transactions 210,000 shares.

Mining stocks dull. Sierra Grande, 3 3/8 and 3 1/2; Chrysolite, 1 1/4; Iron Silver, 2 1/2; Elko, 30 to 24, closing at 26; Belle Isle, 77 to 73, and North Belle Isle 65. Sales of the day, 78,570 shares.

Pipe Line certificates active, 88 to 93 cents, closing at 89.

Wool quiet and steady, domestic fleeces 52 to 47, pulled 18 to 40, unwashed 12 to 21, Texas 14 to 28.

Lard quiet and firm, common 4 7/8 to 4 80, refined nominal.

Be Adams Express 100 1/2 45 119 1/2
American Express 91 1/2 40 87 1/2
Boston & Texas 11 1/2 40 40 1/2
Texas Pacific 40 1/2 40 87 1/2
R. & T. 32 1/2 40 105 1/2
Northwest 32 1/2 40 105 1/2
Preferred 32 1/2 40 105 1/2
W. U. T. 32 1/2 40 105 1/2
Central Arizona 17 1/2 40 105 1/2
Montezuma 35 1/2 40 105 1/2
Robinson 35 1/2 40 105 1/2
Silver Cliff 35 1/2 40 105 1/2
Standard 35 1/2 40 105 1/2
C. B. & Q. 123 1/2 40 105 1/2
Little Pittsburg 1 1/2 40 105 1/2

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The Traders' National bank, of Charlotte, North Carolina, is going into voluntary liquidation.

A Chicago dispatch says the circuit court has granted Mrs. George Scoville a decree of divorce from her husband.

Glaistone's medical advisers report he is suffering from overwork and needs rest. He has abandoned his proposed visit to Midlothian.

Matthew Franklin Whittier, the only brother of John G. Whittier, the poet, died yesterday. He was the author of the famous "Ruth Spilke" letters.

In the anarchists' trials at Lyons, Prince Kropotkin unhesitatingly avowed his connection with the socialists and denied the right of a French tribunal to canvass his actions while out of France.

At a pigeon match at Long Island yesterday, between Lord Menderstille, of Hurlingham, and Grant, of Westminster, \$1,000 a side, 100 birds, 30 yards rise, from five traps, each killed forty-five birds. A new match was paid.

A jury at Newark, N. J., returned a verdict for \$25,000 against the New York & Long Branch road in the case of C. M. Woodruff, killed in the disaster at Parks creek, near Long Branch, last summer.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the international convention of Knights Templar at San Francisco yesterday, it was suggested that a trophy symbolizing the natural wealth of the state be offered as a prize for the best drilled company instead of a standard of the order as heretofore done, the trophy to cost \$5,000.

WANTED.

WANTED—By gentlemen and wife pleasant room and board in a quiet, refined family. References exchanged. Address "P. O. Box 1122" on 1122.

WANTED—situation in a small family by a girl to do housework. A good house preferred rather than wages. Address "P. O. Box 1122" on 1122.

WANTED—To loan \$10,000 worth of money for cash. Will sell them at cost. Address "P. O. Box 1122" on 1122.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. An elegant room and board in a quiet, refined family. References exchanged. Address "P. O. Box 1122" on 1122.

FOR RENT—One upright piano and two or three. Apply to James Duncan on 1122.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS—House on 11th and Walnut streets, 2 blocks from postoffice. House has five rooms and good cellar. Lot set out in small fruits and fruit trees in bearing condition. Large stable, coal house, poultry house and yard, &c. Will sell on monthly payments if desired. R. R. Conson, auditor's office D & R. H. Co. on 1122.

FOR SALE—The best quality of looms has been imported by the local. Leave orders with S. J. and S. House on 1122.

FOR SALE—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Alken & Music Store and Museum on 1122.

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office on 1122.

LOST.

LOST—Opportunity to make money are lost. A great many of you buy your groceries at cost of L. R. Sherman, Nos. 29 and 30 Huron street on 1122.

PASTURAGE.

PASTURAGE—Splendid pasture for horses. Can be had in quantity of stock. At Rock Lodge Ranch. R. M. Chambers on 1122.

Various Causes.

Advancing years, care, sickness, disquietude and hereditary predisposition all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore fast and gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brassy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its results, it is indispensable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

AYER'S Hair Vigor is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil or color white cambric, yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous, imparting a beautiful perfume.

For sale by all druggists.

Kverloth & Taylor,

Agents in

GROCERIES,

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,

Cover Pike's Post avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs.

NOTICE.

The adjourned annual meeting of stockholders of the Mining Company will be held at the office of the company in Colorado Springs on Tuesday, the sixth day of February next. J. H. WOOD, Secretary.

Colorado Springs, January 2, 1883.

Stockholders' Meeting.

To the stockholders of the Great Expectations Mining Company.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a special meeting of the stockholders of said company to be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the seventh day of February, 1883, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of making an amendment of one per cent upon the par value of the capital stock of said company, and for the transaction of such other lawful business as may come before said meeting.

J. F. WATKINS, President.

D. R. CONSON, Secretary.

Dated Colorado Springs, Colo., Dec. 21, 1882.

Notice.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Powder River Live Stock company held December 21st, 1882, the capital stock of said company was lawfully increased to one hundred and ten thousand (\$100,000) dollars in twenty-one hundred (\$2,000) shares of one hundred (\$100) dollars each.

J. L. MARSTON, President.

GEO. H. BUCKMAN, Secretary.

El Paso County Bank,

COLORADO SPRINGS

Transacts a general banking and exchange business.

W. S. JACKSON, Cashier.

J. H. BARLOW, Asst. Cashier.



Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED, and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORTEST, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Nagars Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & North-Western and U. P. R. R. depart from the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania and Chicago & Grand Trunk R. R. and the Milwaukee and St. Paul routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Refuse to take tickets and refuse to buy if they do not sell over the Chicago & North-Western railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route — AND YOU WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this route.

W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent.

No. Windsor Hotel Block, Denver.

FORSYTH'S SCALES

U. S. Standard,

Of all descriptions, consisting of

COUNTER, CROCK, PLATFORM, WAREHOUSE, STOCK, HAY AND RAILWAY TRACK SCALES.

PRICES AT BED ROCK

Brookfield, Burnell & Joliet

BAKE FENCE WIRE,

Bob Sleds and Sleighs,

Derrick Hay Presses, Steel Wire Bale Ties.

The Largest Stock of

Agricultural Implements

In the State.

W. J. KINSLEY, Denver, Colo.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an F. T. India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his fellow men. The receipt, with full particulars, directions for use, and all the necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be sent you by return mail, free of charge, by enclosing with stamp or stamped self-addressed envelope

DR. J. C. WAYMOND,

14 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mention this paper.

A. J. L. A. WILSON,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

GIDDINGS & STILLMAN

HAVE THE LARGEST LINE OF

CARPETS, CARPETS

—AND—

Carpeting in Colorado Springs.

And from this date to February first will give a discount of 12 1/2 per cent on all amounts from \$1 to \$100. This embraces

Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Oil Cloth, &c., &c.

CLOAKS, DOLMANS, USTERS

Ladies' Gents' and Children's Underwear,

Marked way down Bargains in

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, PLUSHES,

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